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# INTEGRATED CIRCUITS

# DATA SHEET

# TDA7052A/AT 1 W BTL mono audio amplifier with DC volume control

Product specification Supersedes data of August 1991 July 1994



# 1 W BTL mono audio amplifier with DC volume control

# **TDA7052A/AT**

#### **FEATURES**

- DC volume control
- · Few external components
- Mute mode
- · Thermal protection
- · Short-circuit proof
- No switch-on and off clicks
- · Good overall stability
- Low power consumption
- Low HF radiation
- · ESD protected on all pins

#### **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

The TDA7052A/AT are mono BTL output amplifiers with DC volume control. They are designed for use in TV and monitors, but also suitable for battery-fed portable recorders and radios.

# **Missing Current Limiter (MCL)**

A MCL protection circuit is built-in. The MCL circuit is activated when the difference in current between the output terminal of each amplifier exceeds 100 mA (typical 300 mA). This level of 100 mA allows for headphone applications (single-ended).

### **QUICK REFERENCE DATA**

SYMBOL	PARAMETERS	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
V <sub>P</sub>	positive supply voltage range		4.5	_	18	V
Po	output power					
	TDA7052A	$R_L = 8 \Omega$ ; $V_P = 6 V$	1.0	1.1	_	W
	TDA7052AT	$R_L = 16 \Omega; V_P = 6 V$	0.5	0.55	_	W
G <sub>v</sub>	maximum total voltage gain		34.5	35.5	36.5	dB
ф	gain control range		75	80	_	dB
I <sub>P</sub>	total quiescent current	$V_P = 6 \text{ V}; R_L = \infty$	_	7	12	mA
THD	total harmonic distortion					
	TDA7052A	P <sub>O</sub> = 0.5 W	_	0.3	1	%
	TDA7052AT	P <sub>O</sub> = 0.25 W	_	0.3	1	%

### **ORDERING INFORMATION**

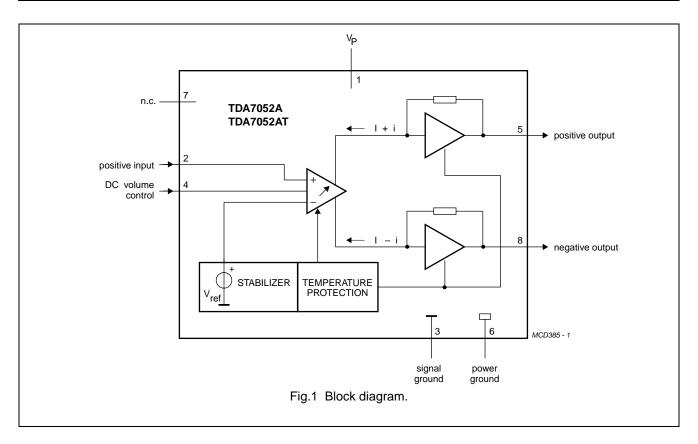
EXTENDED TYPE	PACKAGE								
NUMBER	PINS	PIN POSITION	MATERIAL	CODE					
TDA7052A	8	DIL	plastic	SOT97 <sup>(1)</sup>					
TDA7052AT	8	mini-pack	plastic	SOT96A <sup>(2)</sup>					

### Notes

- 1. SOT97-1.
- 2. SOT96-1.

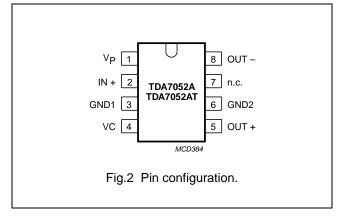
# 1 W BTL mono audio amplifier with DC volume control

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### **PINNING**

SYMBOL	PIN	DESCRIPTION
V <sub>P</sub>	1	positive supply voltage
IN+	2	positive input
GND1	3	signal ground
VC	4	DC volume control
OUT+	5	positive output
GND2	6	power ground
n.c	7	not connected
OUT-	8	negative output



# 1 W BTL mono audio amplifier with DC volume control

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#### **FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION**

The TDA7052A/AT are mono BTL output amplifiers with DC volume control, designed for use in TV and monitors but also suitable for battery fed portable recorders and radios.

In conventional DC volume circuits the control or input stage is AC coupled to the output stage via external capacitors to keep the offset voltage low.

In the TDA7052A/AT the DC volume control stage is integrated into the input stage so that no coupling capacitors are required and yet a low offset voltage is maintained. At the same time the minimum supply remains low.

The BTL principle offers the following advantages:

- · Lower peak value of the supply current
- The frequency of the ripple on the supply voltage is twice the signal frequency.

Thus a reduced power supply with smaller capacitors can be used which results in cost savings.

For portable applications there is a trend to decrease the supply voltage, resulting in a reduction of output power at conventional output stages. Using the BTL principle increases the output power.

The maximum gain of the amplifier is fixed at 35.5 dB. The DC volume control stage has a logarithmic control characteristic.

The total gain can be controlled from 35.5 dB to -44 dB. If the DC volume control voltage is below 0.3 V, the device switches to the mute mode.

The amplifier is short-circuit proof to ground,  $V_P$  and across the load. Also a thermal protection circuit is implemented. If the crystal temperature rises above +150 °C the gain will be reduced, so the output power is reduced.

Special attention is given to switch on and off clicks, low HF radiation and a good overall stability.

#### **LIMITING VALUES**

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum System (IEC 134)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
V <sub>P</sub>	supply voltage range		_	18	V
I <sub>ORM</sub>	repetitive peak output current		_	1.25	Α
I <sub>OSM</sub>	non-repetitive peak output current		_	1.5	Α
P <sub>tot</sub>	total power dissipation	$T_{amb} \le 25\%$			
	TDA7052A		_	1.25	W
	TDA7052AT		_	0.8	W
T <sub>amb</sub>	operating ambient temperature range		-40	+85	°C
T <sub>stg</sub>	storage temperature range		-55	+150	°C
$T_{vj}$	virtual junction temperature		_	+150	°C
T <sub>sc</sub>	short-circuit time		_	1	hr
V <sub>2</sub>	input voltage pin 2		_	8	V
V <sub>4</sub>	input voltage pin 4		=	8	٧

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### THERMAL RESISTANCE

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	THERMAL RESISTANCE				
R <sub>th j-a</sub>	from junction to ambient in free air					
	TDA7052A	100 K/W				
	TDA7052AT	155 K/W				

### Notes to the thermal resistance

TDA7052A:  $V_P$  = 6 V;  $R_L$  = 8  $\Omega$ . The maximum sine-wave dissipation is 0.9 W.

Therefore  $T_{amb(max)} = 150 - 100 \times 0.9 = 60$  °C.

TDA7052AT:  $V_P$  = 6 V;  $R_L$  = 16  $\Omega.$  The maximum sine-wave dissipation is 0.46 W.

Therefore  $T_{amb(max)}$  = 150 - 155  $\times$  0.46 = 78  $^{\circ}C.$ 

# 1 W BTL mono audio amplifier with DC volume control

TDA7052A/AT

#### **CHARACTERISTICS**

 $V_P = 6 \text{ V}$ ;  $T_{amb} = 25 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ ;  $f = 1 \,\text{kHz}$ ; TDA7052A:  $R_L = 8 \,\Omega$ ; TDA7052AT:  $R_L = 16 \,\Omega$ ; unless otherwise specified (see Fig.6).

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
V <sub>P</sub>	positive supply voltage range		4.5	_	18	V
l <sub>P</sub>	total quiescent current	$V_P = 6 \text{ V}; R_L = \infty$ note 1	-	7	12	mA
Maximum (	gain; V <sub>4</sub> = 1.4 V					
Po	output power	THD = 10%				
	TDA7052A		1.0	1.1	_	W
	TDA7052AT		0.5	0.55	_	W
THD	total harmonic distortion					
	TDA7052A	$P_0 = 0.5 \text{ W}$	_	0.3	1	%
	TDA7052AT	$P_0 = 0.25 \text{ W}$	_	0.3	1	%
G <sub>v</sub>	voltage gain		34.5	35.5	36.5	dB
VI	input signal handling	V <sub>4</sub> = 0.8 V; THD < 1%	0.5	0.65	_	V
V <sub>no(rms)</sub>	noise output voltage (RMS value)	f = 500 kHz; note 2	_	210	_	μV
В	bandwidth	-1 dB	-	20 Hz to 300 kHz	_	
SVRR	supply voltage ripple rejection	note 3	38	46	_	dB
V <sub>off</sub>	DC output offset voltage		-	0	150	mV
Z <sub>I</sub>	input impedance (pin 2)		15	20	25	kΩ
Minimum g	gain; V <sub>4</sub> = 0.5 V					
G <sub>v</sub>	voltage gain		_	-44	-	dB
V <sub>no(rms)</sub>	noise output voltage (RMS value)	note 4	-	20	30	μV
Mute posit	ion			1		
Vo	output voltage in mute position	$V_4 \le 0.3 \text{ V}; V_1 = 600 \text{ mV}$	_	_	30	μV
DC volume	control		<u>.</u>			
ф	gain control range		75	80	-	dB
I <sub>4</sub>	control current	V <sub>4</sub> = 0.4 V	60	70	80	μΑ

### Notes to the characteristics

- 1. With a load connected to the outputs the quiescent current will increase, the maximum value of this increase being equal to the DC output offset voltage dividend by R<sub>L</sub>.
- 2. The noise output voltage (RMS value) at f = 500 kHz is measured with  $R_S$  = 0  $\Omega$  and bandwidth = 5 kHz.
- 3. The ripple rejection is measured with  $R_S = 0~\Omega$  and f = 100~Hz to 10 kHz. The ripple voltage of 200 mV, (RMS value) is applied to the positive supply rail.
- 4. The noise output voltage (RMS value) is measured with  $\rm R_{S}$  = 5  $\rm k\Omega$  unweighted.

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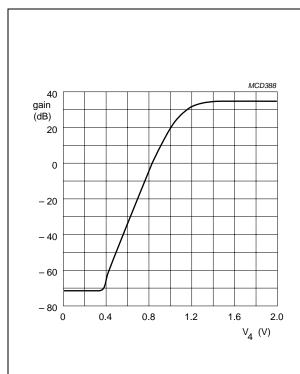
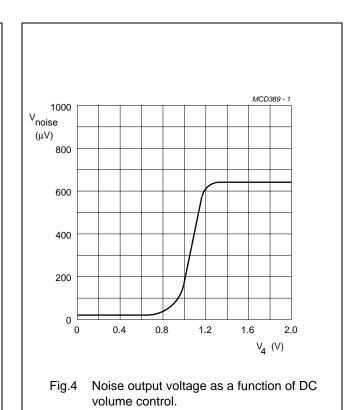
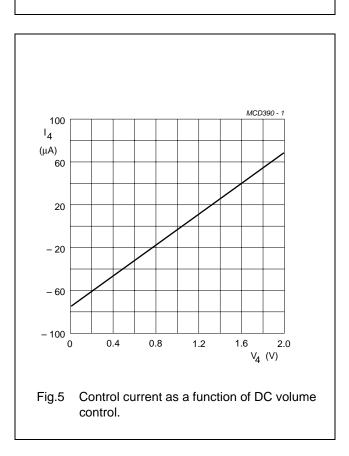


Fig.3 Gain control as a function of DC volume control.

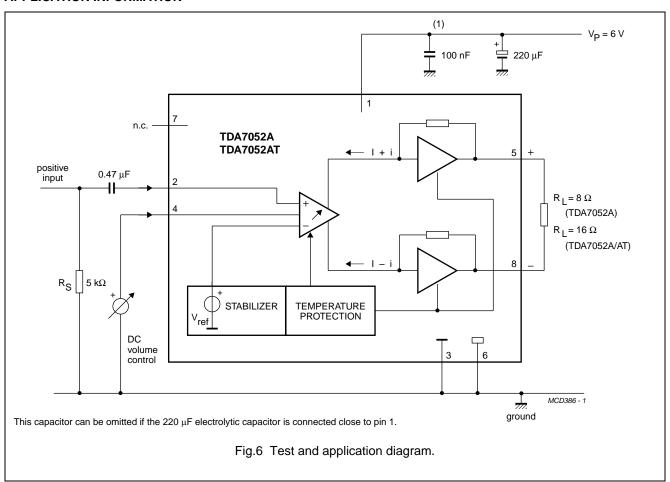


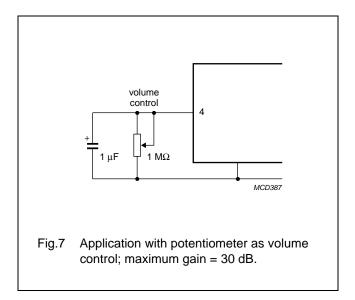


# 1 W BTL mono audio amplifier with DC volume control

# TDA7052A/AT

### **APPLICATION INFORMATION**





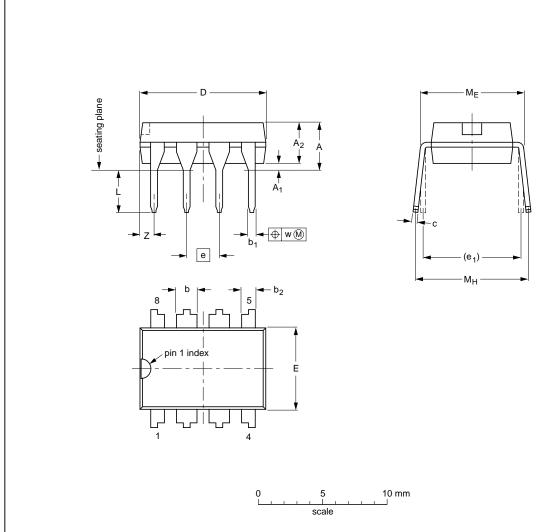
# 1 W BTL mono audio amplifier with DC volume control

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# **PACKAGE OUTLINES**

DIP8: plastic dual in-line package; 8 leads (300 mil)

SOT97-1



#### **DIMENSIONS** (inch dimensions are derived from the original mm dimensions)

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UNIT	A max.	A <sub>1</sub> min.	A <sub>2</sub> max.	b	b <sub>1</sub>	b <sub>2</sub>	С	D <sup>(1)</sup>	E <sup>(1)</sup>	е	e <sub>1</sub>	L	ME	M <sub>H</sub>	w	Z <sup>(1)</sup> max.
mm	4.2	0.51	3.2	1.73 1.14	0.53 0.38	1.07 0.89	0.36 0.23	9.8 9.2	6.48 6.20	2.54	7.62	3.60 3.05	8.25 7.80	10.0 8.3	0.254	1.15
inches	0.17	0.02	0.13	0.068 0.045	0.021 0.015	0.042 0.035	0.014 0.009	0.39 0.36	0.26 0.24	0.1	0.3	0.14 0.12	0.32 0.31	0.39 0.33	0.01	0.045

#### Note

1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.25 mm (0.01 inch) maximum per side are not included.

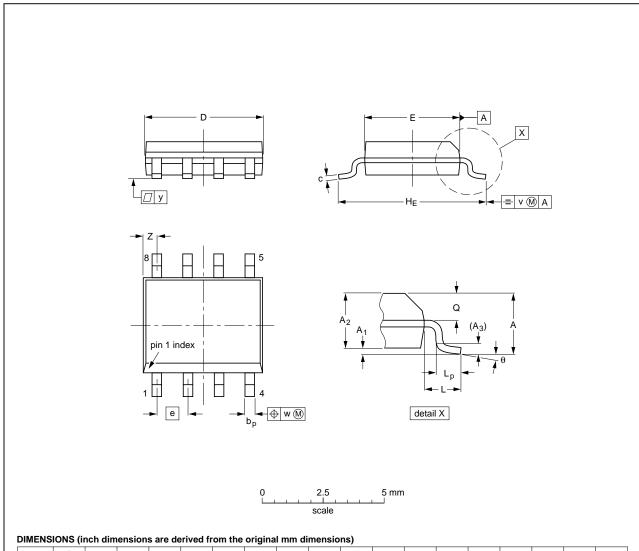
OUTLINE		EUROPEAN	ISSUE DATE			
VERSION	IEC	JEDEC		PROJECTION	ISSUE DATE	
SOT97-1	050G01	MO-001	SC-504-8			<del>99-12-27</del> 03-02-13

# 1 W BTL mono audio amplifier with DC volume control

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# SO8: plastic small outline package; 8 leads; body width 3.9 mm

SOT96-1



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UNIT	A max.	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	A <sub>3</sub>	bp	С	D <sup>(1)</sup>	E <sup>(2)</sup>	е	HE	L	Lp	Q	v	w	у	Z <sup>(1)</sup>	θ
mm	1.75	0.25 0.10	1.45 1.25	0.25	0.49 0.36	0.25 0.19	5.0 4.8	4.0 3.8	1.27	6.2 5.8	1.05	1.0 0.4	0.7 0.6	0.25	0.25	0.1	0.7 0.3	8°
inches	0.069	0.010 0.004	0.057 0.049	0.01		0.0100 0.0075	0.20 0.19	0.16 0.15	0.05	0.244 0.228	0.041	0.039 0.016	0.028 0.024	0.01	0.01	0.004	0.028 0.012	0°

### Notes

- 1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.15 mm (0.006 inch) maximum per side are not included.
- 2. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.25 mm (0.01 inch) maximum per side are not included.

OUTLINE		REFER	EUROPEAN	ISSUE DATE		
VERSION	IEC	JEDEC	JEITA		PROJECTION	ISSUE DATE
SOT96-1	076E03	MS-012				<del>99-12-27</del> 03-02-18

# 1 W BTL mono audio amplifier with DC volume control

### TDA7052A/AT

#### **SOLDERING**

#### Introduction

There is no soldering method that is ideal for all IC packages. Wave soldering is often preferred when through-hole and surface mounted components are mixed on one printed-circuit board. However, wave soldering is not always suitable for surface mounted ICs, or for printed-circuits with high population densities. In these situations reflow soldering is often used.

This text gives a very brief insight to a complex technology. A more in-depth account of soldering ICs can be found in our "IC Package Databook" (order code 9398 652 90011).

#### DIP

SOLDERING BY DIPPING OR BY WAVE

The maximum permissible temperature of the solder is 260 °C; solder at this temperature must not be in contact with the joint for more than 5 seconds. The total contact time of successive solder waves must not exceed 5 seconds.

The device may be mounted up to the seating plane, but the temperature of the plastic body must not exceed the specified maximum storage temperature ( $T_{stg\ max}$ ). If the printed-circuit board has been pre-heated, forced cooling may be necessary immediately after soldering to keep the temperature within the permissible limit.

### REPAIRING SOLDERED JOINTS

Apply a low voltage soldering iron (less than 24 V) to the lead(s) of the package, below the seating plane or not more than 2 mm above it. If the temperature of the soldering iron bit is less than 300 °C it may remain in contact for up to 10 seconds. If the bit temperature is between 300 and 400 °C, contact may be up to 5 seconds.

### so

**REFLOW SOLDERING** 

Reflow soldering techniques are suitable for all SO packages.

Reflow soldering requires solder paste (a suspension of fine solder particles, flux and binding agent) to be applied to the printed-circuit board by screen printing, stencilling or pressure-syringe dispensing before package placement. Several techniques exist for reflowing; for example, thermal conduction by heated belt. Dwell times vary between 50 and 300 seconds depending on heating method. Typical reflow temperatures range from 215 to 250 °C.

Preheating is necessary to dry the paste and evaporate the binding agent. Preheating duration: 45 minutes at  $45\,^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

#### WAVE SOLDERING

Wave soldering techniques can be used for all SO packages if the following conditions are observed:

- A double-wave (a turbulent wave with high upward pressure followed by a smooth laminar wave) soldering technique should be used.
- The longitudinal axis of the package footprint must be parallel to the solder flow.
- The package footprint must incorporate solder thieves at the downstream end.

During placement and before soldering, the package must be fixed with a droplet of adhesive. The adhesive can be applied by screen printing, pin transfer or syringe dispensing. The package can be soldered after the adhesive is cured.

Maximum permissible solder temperature is 260 °C, and maximum duration of package immersion in solder is 10 seconds, if cooled to less than 150 °C within 6 seconds. Typical dwell time is 4 seconds at 250 °C.

A mildly-activated flux will eliminate the need for removal of corrosive residues in most applications.

#### REPAIRING SOLDERED JOINTS

Fix the component by first soldering two diagonally-opposite end leads. Use only a low voltage soldering iron (less than 24 V) applied to the flat part of the lead. Contact time must be limited to 10 seconds at up to 300 °C. When using a dedicated tool, all other leads can be soldered in one operation within 2 to 5 seconds between 270 and 320 °C.

# 1 W BTL mono audio amplifier with DC volume control

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#### **DATA SHEET STATUS**

DOCUMENT STATUS <sup>(1)</sup>	PRODUCT STATUS <sup>(2)</sup>	DEFINITION
Objective data sheet	Development	This document contains data from the objective specification for product development.
Preliminary data sheet	Qualification	This document contains data from the preliminary specification.
Product data sheet	Production	This document contains the product specification.

#### Notes

- 1. Please consult the most recently issued document before initiating or completing a design.
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# 1 W BTL mono audio amplifier with DC volume control

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Limiting values — Stress above one or more limiting values (as defined in the Absolute Maximum Ratings System of IEC 60134) will cause permanent damage to the device. Limiting values are stress ratings only and (proper) operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those given in the Recommended operating conditions section (if present) or the Characteristics sections of this document is not warranted. Constant or repeated exposure to limiting values will permanently and irreversibly affect the quality and reliability of the device.

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#### **Contact information**

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