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# DISPLAY Elektronik GmbH

# DATA SHEET

# LCD MODULE

# **DEM 16481 SYH-LY**

**Product Specification** 

**Version** :1.1.1

# **GENERAL SPECIFICATION**

# MODULE NO.:

# **DEM 16481 SYH-LY**

# CUSTOMER P/N

VERSION NO.	CHANGE DESCRIPTION	DATE
0	ORIGINAL VERSION	16.01.2001
1	ADD MODEL	06.11.2002
1.1.0	CHANGE IC	14.01.2008
1.1.1	CHANGE PCB DESCRIPTION	16.01.2009

PREPARED BY: OYQ DATE: 16.01.2009

APPROVED BY: MH DATE: 16.01.2009

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#### 1. FUNCTIONS & FEATURES

MODULE NAME	LCD TYPE
DEM 16481 SYH-LY	STN Yellow Green Transflective Positive Mode

Viewing Direction : 6 o'clock

• Driving Scheme : 1/16 Duty Cycle, 1/5 Bias

Power Supply Voltage : 5.0 Volt (typ.)
 VLCD Adjustable For Best Contrast : 4.5 Volt (typ.)
 Display contents : 16 x 4 Characters

Backlight : LED, Yellow-Green, Lightbox

• Internal Memory : CGROM (8,320 bits )

: CGRAM (64 x 8 bits ) : DDRAM (80 x 8 bits)

• CGROM of the ST7066U (Sitronix)

• Interface : Easy Interface with a 4-bit or 8-bit MPU

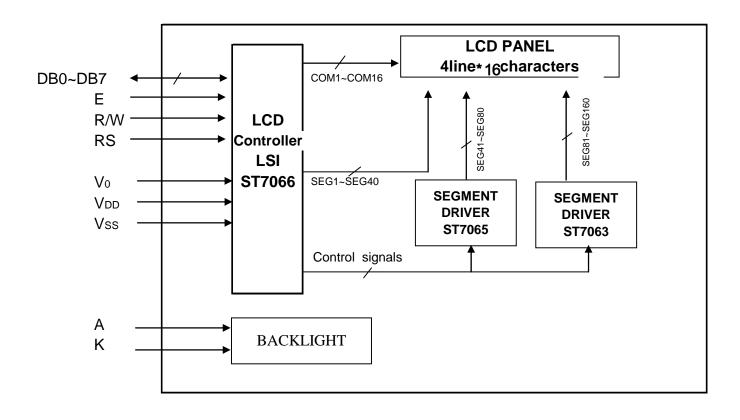
Operating Temperature : -20°C to +70°C
 Storage Temperature : -30°C to +80°C

#### 2. MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

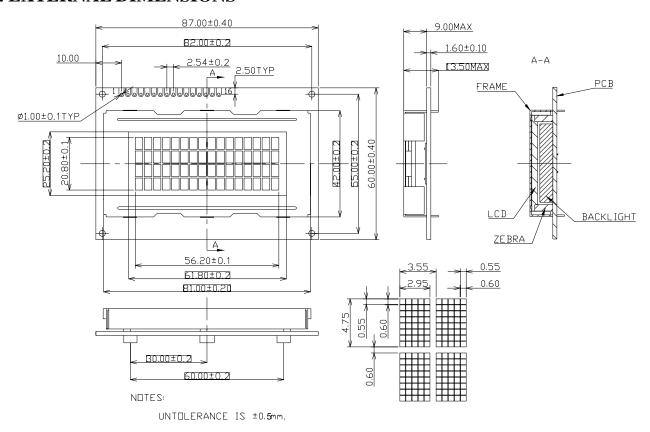
• Module Size : 87.00 x 60.00 x 13.50 mm

Character Pitch : 3.55 x 5.35 mm
 Character Size : 2.95 x 4.75 mm
 Character Font : 5 x 8 dots
 Dot Size : 0.55 x 0.55 mm
 Dot Pitch : 0.60 x 0.60 mm

# 3. BLOCK DIAGRAM



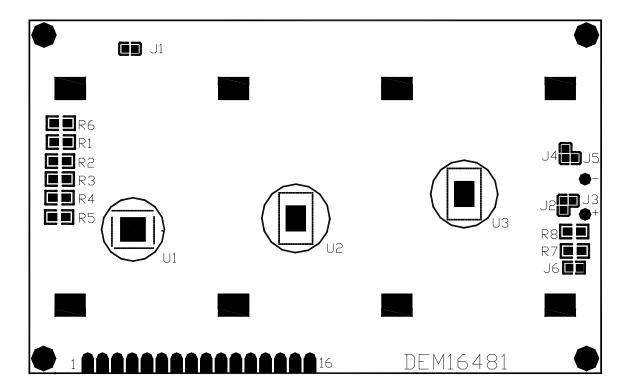
# 4. EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS



# **5. PIN ASSIGNMENT**

Pin No.	Symbol	Function
1	VSS	Ground terminal of module.
2	VDD	Power terminal of module 5.0V.
3	V0	Power Supply for liquid crystal drive.
4	RS	Register select RS = 0 - Instruction register RS = 1 - Data register
5	R/W	Read /Write R/W = 1 - Read R/W = 0 - Write
6	E	Read/Write Enable Signal
7	DB0	
8	DB1	
9	DB2	Bi-directional data bus, data transfer is performed once, thru DB0 to
10	DB3	DB7, in the case of interface data. Length is 8-bits; and twice, thru
11	DB4	DB4 to DB7 in the case of interface data length is 4-bits. Upper four
12	DB5	bits first then lower four bits.
13	DB6	
14	DB7	
15	LED – (K)	Please also refer to 6.1 PCB drawing and description.
16	LED + (A)	Please also refer to 6.1 PCB drawing and description.

#### 6. PCB DRAWING AND DESCRIPTION



Note: The part no. DEM16481 is printed on the PCB.

#### **DESCRIPTION:**

#### 6-1-1. The polarity of the pin 15 and the pin 16:

J3,J5	J2 <b>.</b> J4	LED Polarity			
13,13	J <i>Z</i> ,J4	15 Pin	16 Pin		
Each open	Each closed	Anode	Cathode		
Each closed	Each open	Cathode	Anode		

Note: in application module, J3=J5= close, J2=J4=open

#### 6-1-2. The metal-bezel should be on ground when the J1 is solder-Bridge.

Note: In application module,J1 should be closed

#### 6-1-3. The LED resistor should be bridged when the J6 is solder-Bridge.

Note: In application module, J6 should be open.

#### 6-1-4. The R7 and the R8 are the LED resistor.

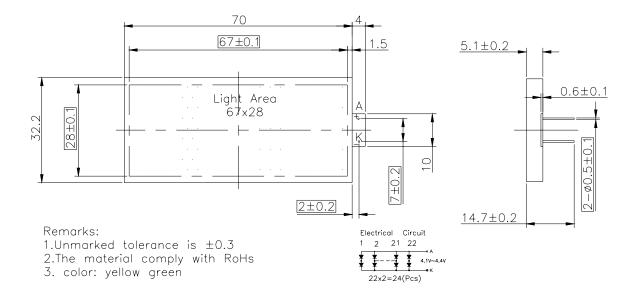
Note: In application module, R7=R8=15 $\Omega$ 

#### 6-1-5. The mounting holes are set to ground when J7 is closed:

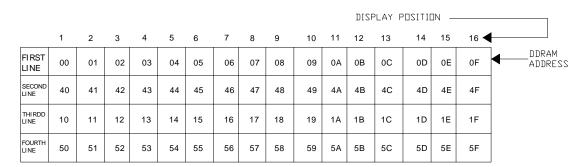
Note: In application module, J7 is closed.

# 7. BACKLIGHT & SWITCH

	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	CONDITIONS
Forward Voltage	Vf	3.9	4.1	4.3	V	If= 220mA
Forward Current	l f		330		mA	
Power Dissipation	Pd		1.42		W	If= 220mA
Reverse Voltage	VR		10		V	Vf= 10V
Reverse Current	IR			0.26	mA	- VI- 10V
Luminous Intensity	IV	160	180		cd/m2	If= 220mA
Luminous Uniformity		70			%	11- 22011A
Emission Wavelength	λР	569	572	575	nm	If =220mA Ta=25°C
Spectral Range	Δλ		30		nm	Each chip



### 8. DISPLAY DATA RAM (DDRAM)



# 9. MAXIMUM ABSOLUTE LIMIT

Item	Symbol	Standard value	Unit
Power supply voltage(1)	$V_{DD}$	-0.3~+7.0	V
Power supply voltage(2)	V <sub>LCD</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> -15.0~V <sub>DD</sub> +0.3	V
Input voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>	-0.3~V <sub>DD</sub> +0.3	V
Operating temperature	Topr	-20~+70	C
Storage temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	-30~+80	C

<sup>\*</sup>Voltage greater than above may damage to the Circuit.

VDD > V1 > V2 > V3 > V4 > V5

# 10. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

# 10-1-1 DC Characteristics (V<sub>DD</sub>=4.5V~5.5V,Ta=-20~+70℃)

Item	Symbol	St	andard Va	lue	Test	Unit
Item	Symbol	MIN	TYP	MAX	Condition	Omt
Operating Voltage	$V_{ m DD}$	4.5		5.5		V
Supply Current	$I_{DD1}$		0.7	1.0	Ceramic oscillation fosc=250kHz	mA
LCD Driving Voltage	VLCD	4.6		10.0	V <sub>DD</sub> -V <sub>5</sub> (1/5,1/4 Bias)	V

#### 10-2-1 AC Characteristics

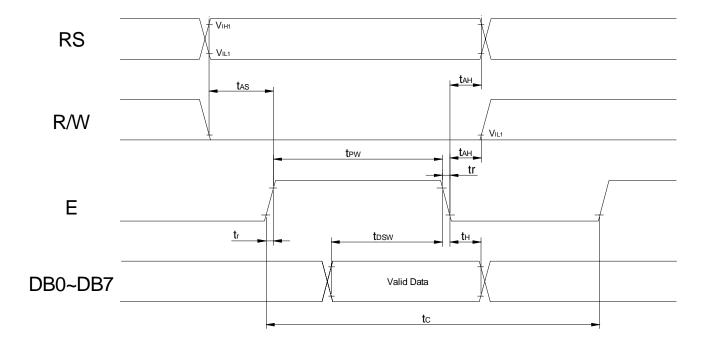
10-2-1 Write mode (writing data from MPU to ST7066)

Item	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Test PIN
E Cycle Time	t <sub>C</sub>	1200			ns -	E
E Rise/Fall Time	t <sub>R</sub> ,t <sub>F</sub>			25	ns	E
E Pulse Width (High, Low)	t <sub>w</sub>	140			ns	E
R/W and RS Setup Time	t <sub>su1</sub>	0			-ns	R/W,RS,E
R/W and RS Hold Time	t <sub>H1</sub>	10			ns	R/W,RS,E
Data Setup Time	t <sub>su2</sub>	40			ns	DB0~DB7
Data Hold Time	t <sub>H2</sub>	10			ns	DB0~DB7

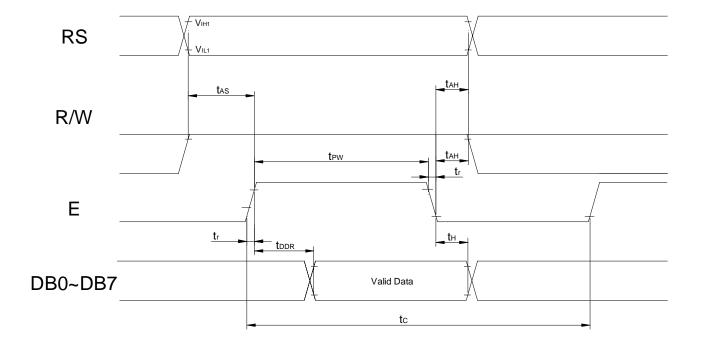
10-2-2 Read Mode (Reading Data from ST7066 to MPU)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Type	Max	Unit	Test PIN
E Cycle Time	$t_{\rm C}$	1200			ns	E
E Rise Time	$t_{R}$			25	ns	Е
E Fall Time	$t_{\mathrm{F}}$			25	ns	E
E Pulse width	tp <sub>W</sub>	140			ns	E
Address Setup Time	$t_{AS}$	0			ns	R/W,RS,E
Address Hold Time	t <sub>AH</sub>	10			ns	R/W,RS,E
Data Setup Time	t <sub>DDR</sub>			100	ns	DB0~DB7
Data Hold Time	t <sub>H</sub>	10			ns	DB0~DB7

# 10-2-3 Write mode



# 10-2-4 Read mode



# 11. CONTROL AND DISPLAY COMMAND

Command	RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Execution time (fosc=270KHz)	Remark
Clear Display	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1.52ms	Write"20H" to DDRAM. And set DDRAM address to "00H" from AC
Return home	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	х	1.52ms	Set DDRAM address to "00H" from AC and return cursor to its original position if shifted. The contents of DDRAM are not changed.
Entry mode Set	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	I/D	S	37us	Sets cursor move direction and specifies display shift. These operations are performed during data write and read.
Display on/off control	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	D	С	В	37us	D=1: entire display on C=1: cursor on B=1: cursor position on
Cursor or Display Shift	0	0	0	0	0	1	S/C	R/L	Х	X	37us	Set cursor moving and display shift control bit, and the direction, without changing DDRAM data.
function Set	0	0	0	0	1	DL	N	F	X	X	37us	DL: interface data is 8/4 bits N: number of line is 2/1 F: font size is 5x11/5x8
Set CGRAM address	0	0	0	1	AC5	AC4	AC3	AC2	AC1	AC0	37us	Set CGRAM address in address counter
Set DDRAM address	0	0	1	AC6	AC5	AC4	AC3	AC2	AC1	AC0	37us	Set DDRAM address in address counter
Read busy flag& address	0	1	BF	AC6	AC5	AC4	AC3	AC2	AC1	AC0	Ous	Whether during internal operation or not can be known by reading BF. The contents of address counter can also be read.
Write data to RAM	1	0	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	37us	Write data into internal RAM (DDRAM/CGRAM)
Read data from RAM	1	1	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	37us	Read data from internal RAM (DDRAM / CGRAM)

#### Note:

Be sure the ST7066U is not in the busy state (BF=00 before sending an instruction from the MPU to the ST7066U. If an instruction is sent without checking the busy flag, the time between the first instruction and next instruction will take much longer than the instruction time itself. Refer to instruction table for the list of each instruction execution time.

# 12. STANDARD CHARACTER PATTERN (ST7066U-0A)

U ppe s(4 bit)	0000	0001	0010	0011	0100	0101	0110	0111	1000	1001	10010	1011	1100	1101	1110	1111
Lower(4bit) 0000	CGRAM (1)															
0001	(2)															
0010	(3)															
0011	(4)															
0100	(5)															
0101	(6)															
0110	(7)															
0111	(8)															
1000	(1)															
1001	(2)															
1010	(3)															
1011	(4)															
1100	(5)															
1101	(6)															
1110	(7)															
1111	(8)															

#### 13. LCD MODULES HANDLING PRECAUTIONS

- Please remove the protection foil of polarizer before using.
- The display panel is made of glass. Do not subject it to a mechanical shock by dropping it from a high place, etc.
- If the display panel is damaged and the liquid crystal substance inside it leaks out, do not get any in your mouth. If the substance come into contact with your skin or clothes promptly wash it off using soap and water.
- Do not apply excessive force to the display surface or the adjoining areas since this may cause the color tone to vary.
- The polarizer covering the display surface of the LCD module is soft and easily scratched. Handle this polarize carefully.
- To prevent destruction of the elements by static electricity, be careful to maintain an optimum work environment.
  - -Be sure to ground the body when handling the LCD module.
  - -Tools required for assembly, such as soldering irons, must be properly grounded.
  - -To reduce the amount of static electricity generated, do not conduct assembly and other work under dry conditions.
  - -The LCD module is coated with a film to protect the display surface. Exercise care when peeling off this protective film since static electricity may be generated.

#### Storage precautions

When storing the LCD modules, avoid exposure to direct sunlight or to the light of fluorescent lamps. Keep the modules in bags designed to prevent static electricity charging under low temperature / normal humidity conditions (avoid high temperature / high humidity and low temperatures below 0°C). Whenever possible, the LCD modules should be stored in the same conditions in which they were shipped from our company.

#### 14. OTHERS

- Liquid crystals solidify at low temperature (below the storage temperature range) leading to defective orientation of liquid crystal or the generation of air bubbles (black or white). Air bubbles may also be generated if the module is subjected to a strong shock at a low temperature.
- If the LCD modules have been operating for a long time showing the same display patterns may remain on the screen as ghost images and a slight contrast irregularity may also appear. Abnormal operating status can be resumed to be normal condition by suspending use for some time. It should be noted that this phenomena does not adversely affect performance reliability.
- To minimize the performance degradation of the LCD modules resulting from caused by static electricity, etc. exercise care to avoid holding the following sections when handling the modules:
  - Exposed area of the printed circuit board
  - Terminal electrode sections