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Micropower Rail-to-Rail Op Amp and Reference

FEATURES

- Guaranteed Operation at 1.2V
- Op Amp and Reference on Single Chip
- Micropower: 130µA Supply Current
- Industrial Temperature Range SO-8 Packages
- Rail-to-Rail Output
- High Output Current: 20mA Min
- Output Drives 1000pF
- Capable of Floating Mode Operation
- Specified for 5V and ±5V Supplies
- Low Reference Drift: 30ppm/°C
- Industry Standard LM10 Pinout

APPLICATIONS

- Battery- or Solar-Powered Systems Portable Instrumentation Sensor Conditioning
- Precision Current Regulators
- Precision Voltage Regulators
- Battery Level Indicator
- Thermocouple Transmitter

DESCRIPTION

The LT $^{\odot}$ 1635 is a new analog building block that includes a rail-to-rail output op amp, a precision reference and reference buffer. The device operates from supplies as low as a single 1.2V or up to ± 5 V, yet it consumes only 130µA of supply current.

The input common mode range of the op amp includes ground and incorporates phase reversal protection to prevent false outputs from occurring when the input is below the negative supply. The rail-to-rail output stage can swing to within 15mV of each rail with no load and can swing to within 250mV of each rail while delivering 10mA of output current. The gain bandwidth of the op amp is 175kHz and it is unitygain stable with up to 1000pF load capacitance.

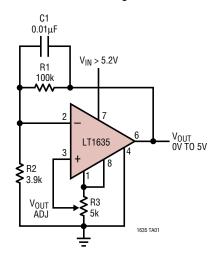
The 0.2V reference is referred to V⁻ and includes a buffer amplifier to enhance flexibility. The reference and buffer combine to achieve a drift of 30ppm/°C, a line regulation of 20ppm/V and a load regulation of 150ppm/mA.

The LT1635 is available in 8-pin PDIP and SO packages, and has the industry standard LM10 pinout.

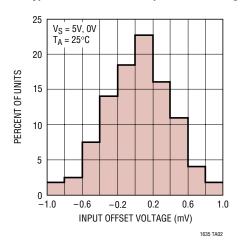
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TYPICAL APPLICATION

OV to 5V Regulator



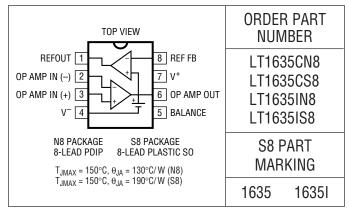
Typical Distribution of Input Offset Voltage



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

(Note 1)	
Total Supply Voltage (V + to V -)	14V
Input Differential Voltage	14V
Input Current	±25mA
Output Short-Circuit Duration	Continuous
Operating Temperature Range	
(Note 2)	-40°C to 85°C
Junction Temperature	150°C
Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to 150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec)	300°C

PACKAGE/ORDER INFORMATION



Consult LTC Marketing for parts specified with wider operating temperature ranges.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

5V OP AMP: The \bullet denotes the specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$. $V_S = 5V$, OV; $V_{CM} = V_{OUT} = 2.5V$, unless otherwise noted. (Note 2)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
V _{0S}	Input Offset Voltage	$0^{\circ}C \le T_{A} \le 70^{\circ}C$ $-40^{\circ}C \le T_{A} \le 85^{\circ}C$	•		0.3 0.5	1.3 1.6 1.8	mV mV mV
	Input Offset Voltage Drift	$-40^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{T}_{A} \le 85^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ (Note 4)}$	•		3.0	7.0	μV/°C
V _{OS} ADJ	Offset Voltage Adjust Range	Positive Adjust Negative Adjust	•	6 -1.4	8 -2		mV mV
I _{OS}	Input Offset Current		•		0.2	0.6	nA
I _B	Input Bias Current		•		2.0 2.5	4.5 5.5	nA nA
	Input Noise Voltage	0.1Hz to 10Hz			1		μV _{P-P}
en	Input Noise Voltage Density	f = 1kHz			50		nV/√Hz
i _n	Input Noise Current Density	f = 1kHz			0.05		pA/√Hz
R _{IN}	Input Resistance	Differential Common Mode, V _{CM} = 0V to 4V	•	7	25 6		MΩ GΩ
	Input Voltage Range		•	0		4	V
CMRR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio	V _{CM} = 0V to 4V	•	92 85	110 97		dB dB
A _{VOL}	Large-Signal Voltage Gain	V_0 = 200mV to 4.5V, No Load V_0 = 200mV to 4.5V, R_L = 1.1k V_0 = 200mV to 4.5V, R_L = 500 Ω	•	100 45 35	450 200 150		V/mV V/mV V/mV
	Shunt Gain	$I_{OUT} = 0.1 \text{mA} \text{ to } 5 \text{mA}$ $V_0 = 1.5 \text{V to } 6.45 \text{V}$ (Note 5)	•	15 8	25 20		V/mV V/mV V/mV
V _{OL}	Output Voltage Swing Low	$V_S = 5V$, No Load $V_S = 5V$, $I_{SINK} = 5mA$ $V_S = 5V$, $I_{SINK} = 10mA$	•		2 125 200	10 250 500	mV mV mV
V _{OH}	Output Voltage Swing High	$V_S = 5V$, No Load $V_S = 5V$, $I_{SOURCE} = 5mA$ $V_S = 5V$, $I_{SOURCE} = 10mA$	•	4.975 4.65 4.55	4.985 4.8 4.75		V V V



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

5V OP AMP: The \bullet denotes the specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$. $V_S = 5V$, OV; $V_{CM} = V_{OUT} = 2.5V$, unless otherwise noted. (Note 2)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
I _{SC}	Short-Circuit Current	$V_S = 5V$, Short to GND $V_S = 5V$, Short to V_{CC}	•	20 20	40 40		mA mA
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio	$V_S = 1.2V \text{ to } 12V, V_{CM} = V_0 = 0.2V$	•	93 90	100 97		dB dB
	Minimum Operating Supply Voltage	(Note 3)	•		1.1	1.2	V
I _S	Supply Current		•		130 150	200 260	μA μA
GBW	Gain Bandwidth Product	f = 1kHz			175		kHz
SR	Slew Rate	$A_V = -1$, $R_L = \infty$			0.045		V/µs

5V REFERENCE: The \bullet denotes the specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are at $T_A = 25$ °C. $V_S = 5V$, OV, unless otherwise noted. (Note 2)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
V _{REF}	Feedback Sense Voltage	Voltage at Pin 1 with Pin 1 Connected to Pin 8 (Note 6)	•	189	200	211	mV
TC V _{REF}	Reference Drift	(Note 4)	•		30	100	ppm/°C
	Feedback Current	Current into Pin 8	•		3.5 5.0	10 15	nA nA
	Line Regulation	$0 \le I_{REF} \le 1 \text{mA}, V_{REF} = 200 \text{mV}$ $V_S = 1.2 \text{V to 5V}$ $V_S = 1.3 \text{V to 5V (Note 3)}$	•		20 30	100 200	ppm/V ppm/V
	Load Regulation	I _{REF} = 0 to 1mA	•		150 200	300 500	ppm/mA ppm/mA
	Reference Amplifier Gain	V ₀ = 0.2V to 3.5V	•	45 25	90 50		V/mV V/mV

 $\pm 5V$ OP AMP: The \bullet denotes the specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$. $V_S = \pm 5V$; $V_{CM} = V_{OUT} = 0V$, unless otherwise noted. (Note 2)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
V _{OS}	Input Offset Voltage	$0^{\circ}C \le T_{A} \le 70^{\circ}C$ - $40^{\circ}C \le T_{A} \le 85^{\circ}C$	•		0.3 0.5	1.5 1.9 2.1	mV mV mV
	Input Offset Voltage Drift	$0^{\circ}C \le T_A \le 85^{\circ}C$ (Note 4)	•		4.5	10.0	μV/°C
V _{OS} ADJ	Offset Voltage Adjust Range	Positive Adjust Negative Adjust	•	6 -1.4	8 -2		mV mV
I _{OS}	Input Offset Current		•		0.2	0.6	nA
I _B	Input Bias Current		•		2.0 2.5	4.5 5.5	nA nA
	Input Noise Voltage	0.1Hz to 10Hz			1		μV _{P-P}
en	Input Noise Voltage Density	f = 1kHz			50		nV/√Hz
i _n	Input Noise Current Density	f = 1kHz			0.05		pA/√Hz
R _{IN}	Input Resistance	Differential Common Mode, V _{CM} = -5V to 4V	•	7	35 9		MΩ GΩ
	Input Voltage Range		•	-5		4	V
CMRR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio	$V_{CM} = -5V \text{ to } 4V$	•	94 91	115 110		dB dB



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $\pm 5V$ OP AMP: The \bullet denotes the specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$. $V_S = \pm 5V$; $V_{CM} = V_{OUT} = 0V$, unless otherwise noted. (Note 2)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
A _{VOL}	Large-Signal Voltage Gain	$V_0 = -4.5V$ to 4.5V, No Load $V_0 = -4.5V$ to 4.5V, $R_L = 1.1k$ $V_0 = -4.5V$ to 4.5V, $R_L = 500\Omega$	•	175 15 10	300 100 60		V/mV V/mV V/mV
V_0	Output Voltage Swing	$V_S = \pm 5V$, No Load $V_S = \pm 5V$, $I_{SINK} = 5mA$ $V_S = \pm 5V$, $I_{SINK} = 10mA$	•	±4.975 ±4.65 ±4.5	±4.985 ±4.75 ±4.6		mV mV mV
I _{SC}	Short-Circuit Current	$V_S = \pm 5V$		±20	±40		mA
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio	$V_S = \pm 1V \text{ to } \pm 6V, V_{CM} = V_0 = 0V$	•	90 88	100 98		dB dB
I _S	Supply Current		•		135 160	215 280	μA μA
GBW	Gain Bandwidth Product	f = 1kHz			175		kHz
SR	Slew Rate	$A_V = -1$, $R_L = \infty$			0.05		V/µs

$\pm 5V$ REFERENCE: The \bullet denotes the specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are at $T_A = 25$ °C. $V_S = \pm 5V$, unless otherwise noted. (Note 2)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
V _{REF}	Feedback Sense Voltage	Voltage at Pin 1 with Pin 1 Connected to Pin 8 (Note 6)	•	189	200	211	mV
TC V _{REF}	Reference Drift	(Note 4)	•		40	120	ppm/°C
	Feedback Current	Current into Pin 8	•		3.5 5.0	10 15	nA nA
	Line Regulation	$0 \le I_{REF} \le 1 \text{mA}, V_{REF} = 200 \text{mV}$ $V_S = \pm 0.6 \text{V to } \pm 5 \text{V}$ $V_S = \pm 0.65 \text{V to } \pm 5 \text{V (Note 3)}$	•		20 30	100 200	ppm/V ppm/V
	Load Regulation	I _{REF} = 0 to 1mA	•		150 200	300 500	ppm/mA ppm/mA
	Reference Amplifier Gain	$V_0 = 0.2V \text{ to } 8.5V$ $V_S = 10V, 0V$	•	45 25	90 50		V/mV V/mV

Note 1: Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which the life of a device may be imparied.

Note 2: The LT1635C is guaranteed to operate over the commercial temperature range of 0°C to 70°C. It is designed, characterized and expected to meet these extended temperature limits, but is not tested at -40°C and 85°C. The LT1635I is guaranteed to meet the industrial temperature range.

Note 3: The LT1635 op amp operates on a 1.2V supply over the full industrial temperature range with an input common mode voltage of 0V to 0.2V. The minimum supply voltage for the reference to operate properly over this temperature range is 1.3V.

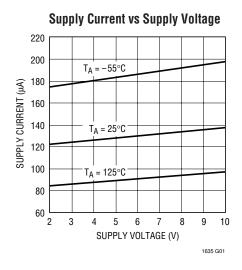
Note 4: This parameter is not 100% tested. Temperature coefficient is measured by dividing the change in output voltage by specified temperature range.

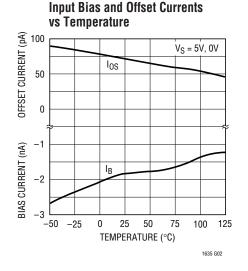
Note 5: Shunt gain defines the operation in floating applications when the output is connected to the V^+ terminal and input common mode is referred to V^- .

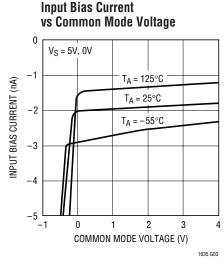
Note 6: If part is stored outside of the specified temperature range, the output may shift due to hysteresis.

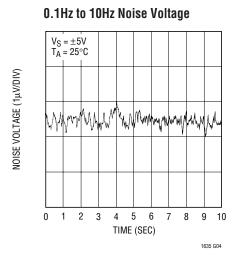


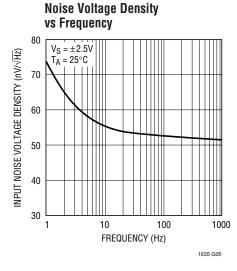
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS On Amp

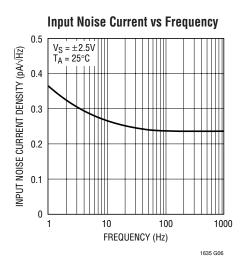


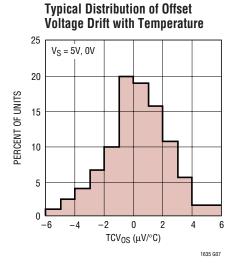


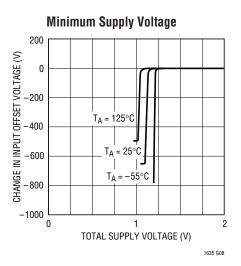


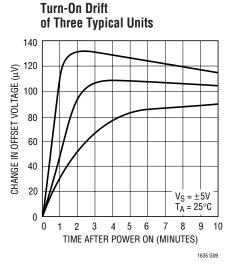




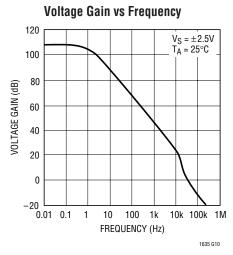


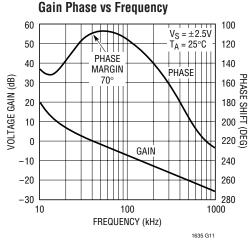


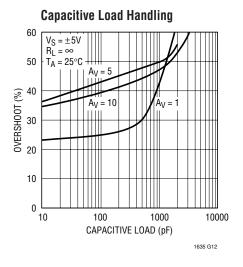


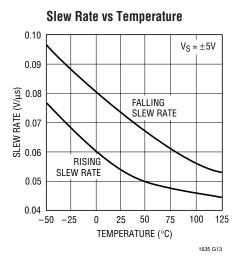


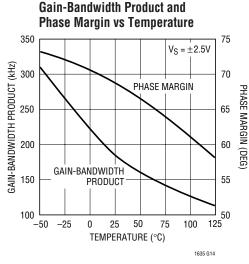
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS Op Amp

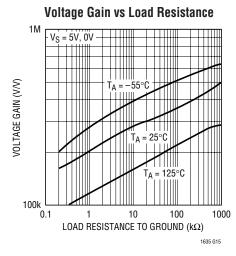


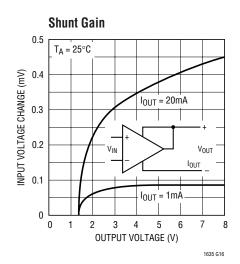


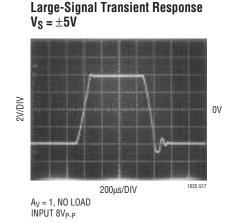


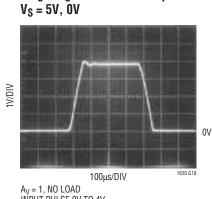








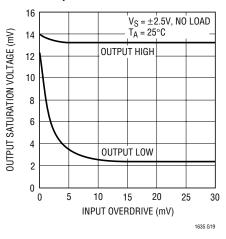




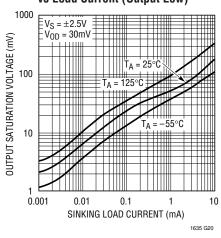
Large-Signal Transient Response

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS Op Amp

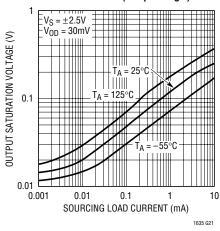
Output Saturation Voltage vs Input Overdrive



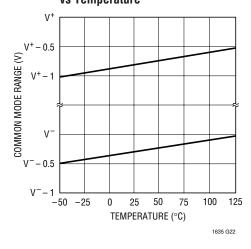
Output Saturation Voltage vs Load Current (Output Low)



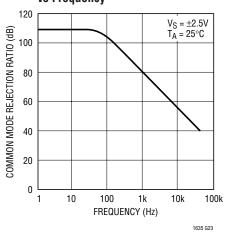
Output Saturation Voltage vs Load Current (Output High)



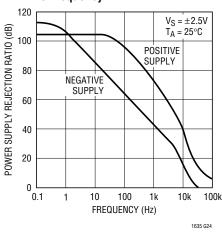
Common Mode Range vs Temperature



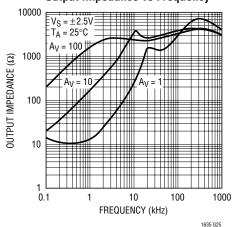
Common Mode Rejection Ratio vs Frequency



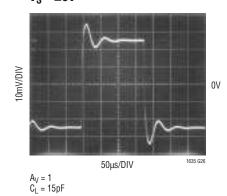
Power Supply Rejection Ratio vs Frequency



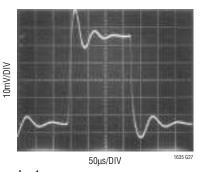
Output Impedance vs Frequency



Small-Signal Transient Response $V_S = \pm 5V$

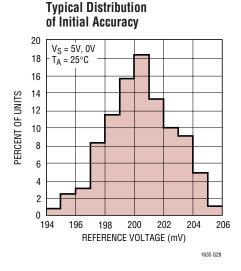


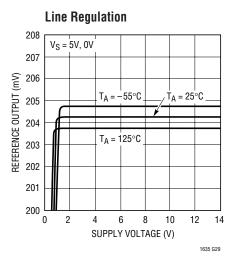
Small-Signal Transient Response $V_S = 5V$, 0V

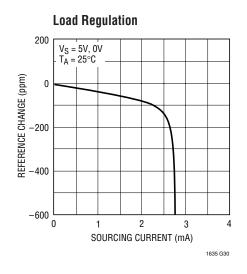


 $A_V = 1$ $C_L = 15pF$ INPUT 50mV TO 100mV

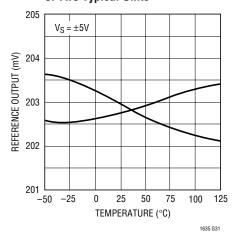
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS Reference



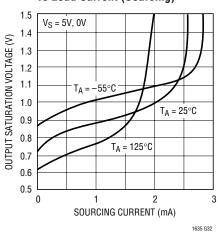




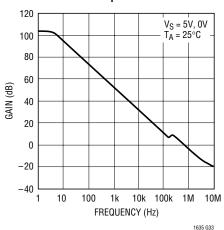
Reference Output vs Temperature of Two Typical Units



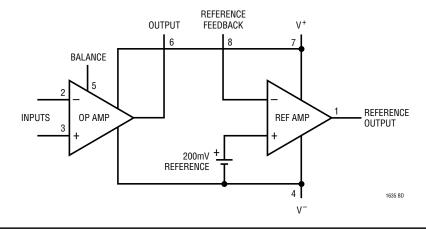




Reference Amplifier Gain



BLOCK DIAGRAM





APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

The LT1635 is fully specified with V⁺ = 5V, V⁻ = 0V and V_{CM} = 2.5V. The op amp offset voltage is internally trimmed to a minimum value at these supply voltages. A unique feature of this device is that it operates from a single 1.2V supply up to \pm 5V. A full set of specifications is provided at \pm 5V supply voltages. The positive supply pin of the LT1635 should be bypassed with a small capacitor (about 0.1µF), as well as the negative supply pin when using split supplies.

Op Amp

The LT1635 is fully specified for single supply operation, i.e., when the negative supply is OV. Input common mode range of the op amp includes ground and the output swings within a few millivolts of ground while sinking current. The input stage of the op amp incorporates phase reversal protection to prevent false outputs from occurring when the input is below the negative supply. Protective resistors have been included in the input leads so that current does not become excessive when the inputs are forced below the negative supply.

The op amp also includes an offset nulling feature, this is accomplished by connecting the BALANCE pin (Pin 5) to a variable voltage derived from the reference output. The offset adjust range is asymmetrical, typically -2mV to 8mV. At room temperature the input offset voltage of the LT1635 is within the null range, thus the offset voltage can be adjusted to zero. Figure 1 shows the standard offset adjustment.

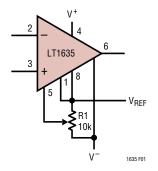


Figure 1. Standard Offset Adjustment

Output

The output voltage swing of the LT1635 is a function of input overdrive as shown in the typical performance curves. When monitoring voltages within 15mV of either rail, gain

should be taken to keep the output from saturating. For example, a 1mV input signal will cause the amplifier to set up in its linear region in the gain 100 configuration as shown in Figure 2a. However, 1mV is not enough to make the amplifier function properly in the voltage follower mode (Figure 2b).

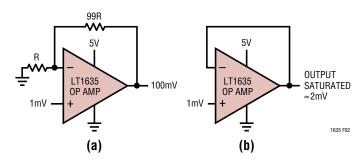


Figure 2. Gain 100 Amplifier and Voltage Follower

Distortion

There are two main contributors of distortion in op amps: distortion caused by nonlinear common mode rejection and output crossover distortion as the output transitions from sourcing to sinking current. The common mode rejection ratio of the LT1635 is very good, typically 110dB. Therefore, as long as the input operates in normal common mode range, there will be very little common mode induced distortion. Crossover distortion will increase as the output load resistance decreases. For the lowest distortion, the LT1635 should be operated with the output always sourcing current.

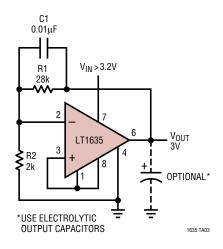
Reference

The reference of the LT1635 consists of a 200mV precision bandgap and a reference amplifier. As shown in the block diagram, the 0.2V precision bandgap is referred to V^- and is internally connected to the noninverting input of the reference amplifier. This configuration offers great flexibility in that the reference voltage can be amplified or the reference amplifier can be used as a comparator. Unlike the op amp, the output of the reference amplifier can only swing within 0.8V (typ) of the positive rail. To guarantee that the reference amplifier does not saturate over the industrial temperature range, the minimum operating supply should be 1.3V. The reference amplifier can source 2mA of load current and can sink $10\mu\text{A}$ over the industrial temperature range.

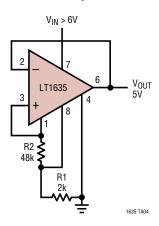


TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

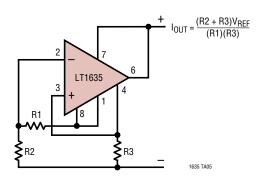
Low Voltage Regulator



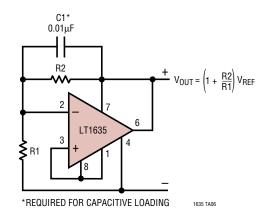
Best Regulation



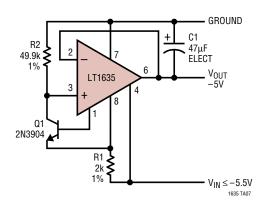
2-Terminal Current Regulator



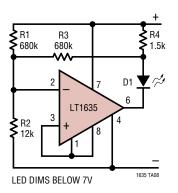
Shunt Regulator



Negative Regulator

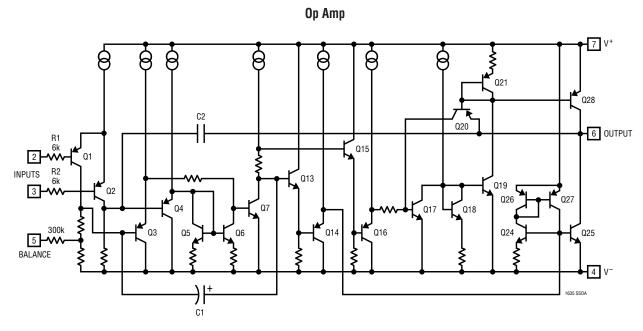


6V Battery-Level Indicator

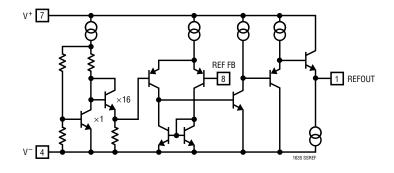




SIMPLIFIED SCHEMATICS



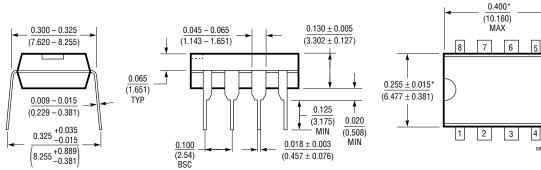
Reference



PACKAGE DESCRIPTION

N8 Package 8-Lead PDIP (Narrow .300 Inch)

(Reference LTC DWG # 05-08-1510)

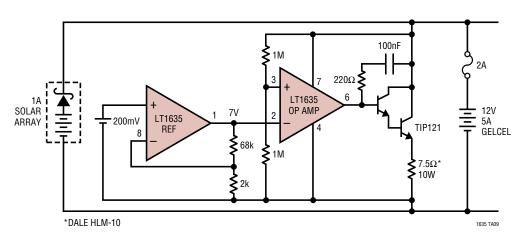


*THESE DIMENSIONS DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS. MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.010 INCH (0.254mm)



TYPICAL APPLICATION

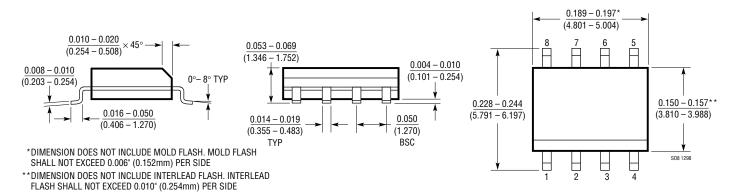
1A Shunt Battery Charger ($I_{DARK} = 230\mu A$, $V_{FLOAT} = 14V$)



PACKAGE DESCRIPTION

S8 Package 8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (Narrow .150 Inch)

(Reference LTC DWG # 05-08-1610)



RELATED PARTS

PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	COMMENTS
LT1178/LT1179	Dual/Quad 17μA Max, Single Supply Precision Op Amps	70μV V _{OS} Max and 2.5μV/°C Drift Max, 85kHz GBW, 0.04V/μs Slew Rate, Input/Output Common Mode Includes Ground
LT1490A/LT1491A	Dual/Quad Micropower Rail-to-Rail Input and Output Op Amps	Single Supply Input Range: -0.4V to 44V, Micropower 50µA Amplifier, Rail-to-Rail Input and Output, 200kHz GBW
LT2178/LT2179	Dual/Quad 17µA Max, Single Supply Precision Op Amps	SO-8 and 14-Lead Standard Pinout, 70µV V _{OS} Max, 85kHz GBW
LT1078/LT1079	Dual/Quad Micropower, Single Supply Precision Op Amps	70μV V _{OS} Max and 0.4μV/°C Drift, 200kHz GBW, 0.07V/μs Slew Rate, Input/Output Common Mode Includes Ground
LT2078/LT2079	Dual/Quad Micropower, Single Supply Precision Op Amps	SO-8 and 14-Lead Standard Pinout, 70µV V _{OS} Max, 200kHz GBW

Mouser Electronics

Authorized Distributor

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Analog Devices Inc.:

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